gtfs Documentation

The Public Knowledge Workshop

Output specifications

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GTFS Utils is a utility for reading, parsing and aggregating GTFS data from Israel MOT. GTFS Utils is part of Open-Bus project in The Public Knowledge Workshop ("").

	CHAPTER 1
	Usage
To use GTFS Stats script, run:	
python setup.py install	

run_gtfs_stats

4 Chapter 1. Usage

CHAPTER 2

Configuration

GTFS Utils requires a configuration file config.json.

An example file can be found in gtfs_utils/config_example.json.

2.1 bucket_valid_file_name_regexp

Use bucket_valid_file_name_regexp field in configuration to choose which dates to run the script on. You can use a value such as "2019-03-07.zip" to run on a single date, or "2019-05-\d\d\.zip" to run on a full month, for example.

2.2 forward_fill

Set forward_fill field in configuration to true for performing forward fill for missing dates using existing files.

CHAPTER 3

Output format

GTFS Stats outputs stats for trips and for routes (trip_stats and route_stats, accordingly).

Each of them is output as a pkl.gz file (a gzipped pickle) of a Pandas DataFrame, and is located in the output directory, as defined in the configuration file.

The fields in each one of them are described in the output specifications below.

3.1 Output format as it is in Splunk

This section will be written soon.

3.1.1 Trip Stats

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} \tt gtfs\_utils.core\_computations.compute\_trip\_stats (\it feed: partridge.gtfs.feed, zones: pandas.core.frame.DataFrame, clusters: pandas.core.frame.DataFrame, trip\_to\_date: pandas.core.frame.DataFrame, date: datetime.date, source\_files\_base\_name: List[str]) $\rightarrow $pandas.core.frame.DataFrame \end{tabular}
```

Parameters

- **feed** Partridge feed for the specific date
- **zones** DataFrame with stop_code to zone_name mapping
- trip_to_date trip_id_to_date information to match with the feed data
- date The original schedule date
- source_files_base_name The original zips the data is based on (GTFS, Tariff, etc.)

Raise pandas.MergeError if trip_id_to_date will not merge as 1:1 with trip data

Returns A DataFrame with columns as described below

Trip stats table has the following columns:

- agency_id Agency identifier, as specified in agency.txt file.
- agency_name The full name of the agency, as specified in agency.txt file.
- all_stop_code All stop codes (as specified in *stops.txt* file), separated by semicolons.
- all_stop_desc_city Cities of all stops of the trip (as described in *stop_desc* field in *stops.txt* file), separated by semicolons.
- all_stop_id All stop identifiers (as specified in *stops.txt* file), separated by semicolons.
- all_stop_latlon All stop waypoints (*stop_lat* and *stop_lon* as specified in *stops.txt* file), formatted as *lat,lon* and separated by semicolons.
- cluster_id Cluster code, as in ClusterId in ClusterToLine file.
- cluster_name The name of the cluster to which the line belongs, as in *ClusterName* in *ClusterToLine* file.
- cluster_sub_desc A sub-cluster name to which the line is associated, as in *ClusterSubDesc* in *ClusterToLine* file.
- date The original schedule date
- direction_id Indicates the direction of travel for a trip, as specified in trips.txt file.
- distance The full travel distance of the trip in meters, which is the maximal *shape_dist_traveled*, as specified in *stop_times.txt* file.
- duration Duration of the trip in hours
- end_stop_city The city of the last stop of the trip, as described in stop_desc field in stops.txt file.
- end_stop_code Stop code of the last stop of the trip
- end_stop_desc The description of the last stop of the trip, as described as stop_desc field in stops.txt file.
- end_stop_id Stop ID of the last stop of the trip
- end_stop_lat Latitude of the last stop of the trip
- end_stop_lon Longitude of the last stop of the trip
- end_stop_name Stop name of the last stop of the trip
- end_time Departure time of the last stop of the trip
- end zone Zone name of the last stop of the trip
- source_files The original the data is based on (GTFS, Tariff, etc.)
- is_loop 1 if the start and end stop are less than 400m apart, otherwise 0
- line_type Line type code, as in *LineType* in *ClusterToLine* file.
- line_type_desc Line type description, as in LineTypeDesc in ClusterToLine file. The options for this fields are:
 - "" Urban
 - "" Intercity
 - "" Regional

- num_stops Number of stops in trip
- num_zones Number of zones where the trip stops are. Zones are defined in the files in Tariff.zip.
- num_zones_missing Number of stops whose identifier is missing from the files in Tariff.zip.
- route_alternative A route's alternative identifier. Constructs a route identifier together with route_direction and route_mkt.
- route_direction A route's direction identifier. Constructs a route identifier together with route alternative and route mkt.
- route_id Route identifier, as specified in *routes.txt* file.
- route_long_name The full name of a route, as specified in routes.txt file.
- route_mkt MOT Line's 5-digit catalog number ("""), a unique number at the line level, but not unique at the alternative level. Constructs a route identifier together with route_direction and route_alternative.
- route_short_name The short name of a route, as specified in routes.txt file.
- route_type The type of transportation used on a route, as specified in routes.txt. In Israel, MOT uses:
 - 0 for light train (Jerusalem Light Rail)
 - 2 for train (Israel Railways)
 - 3 for bus
 - 715 for Flexible Service Line (" ")
- shape_id Shape identifier, as specified in shapes.txt file.
- source_files base name of the files the data is based on (as they are saved on S3).
- speed Average speed of the trip in meters per hour (calculated as distance/duration).
- start_stop_city The city of the first stop of the trip, as specified in stop_desc field in stops.txt file.
- start_stop_code Stop code of the first stop of the trip
- start_stop_desc The description of the first stop of the trip, as described as stop_desc field in stops.txt file.
- start stop id Stop ID of the first stop of the trip
- start_stop_lat Latitude of the first stop of the trip
- start_stop_lon Longitude of the first stop of the trip
- start_stop_name Stop name of the first stop of the trip
- start_time Departure time of the first stop of the trip
- start_zone Zone name of the first stop of the trip
- trip_id Trip identifier, as specified in *trips.txt* file.
- trip_id_to_date Trip identifier that is unique for each day in week and departure hour.

3.1.2 Route Stats

```
gtfs_utils.core_computations.compute_route_stats (trip_stats_subset: pandas.core.frame.DataFrame, date: datetime.date, source_files_base_name: List[str], headway_start_time: str = '07:00:00', headway_end_time: str = '19:00:00') \rightarrow pandas.core.frame.DataFrame
```

Compute stats for the given subset of trips stats.

Parameters

- trip_stats_subset Subset of the output of compute_trip_stats()
- date The original schedule date
- source_files_base_name The original zips the data is based on (GTFS, Tariff, etc.)
- headway_start_time HH:MM:SS time string indicating the start time for computing headway stats
- headway_end_time HH:MM:SS time string indicating the end time for computing headway stats

Returns A DataFrame with columns as described below

Route stats table has the following columns:

- agency_id Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- agency_name Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- all_start_time All of the start times (formatted as HH:MM:SS) in which the trips in the route start, separated by semicolons
- all_stop_code Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- all_stop_desc_city Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- all_stop_id Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- all_stop_latlon Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- all_stop_name Names of all stops of the trip (as described in stop_name field in stops.txt file), separated by semicolons
- all_trip_id All of the identifiers (trip_id, as specified in *trips.txt* file) of the trips in the route, separated by semicolons
- all_trip_id_to_date all the trip_id_to_date ids that match this route, separated by semicolon
- cluster_id Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- cluster_name Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- cluster_sub_desc Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- date Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- end_stop_city Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- end_stop_desc Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- end_stop_id Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()

- end_stop_lat Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- end_stop_lon Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- end_stop_name Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- end_time Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats(), referring to the last trip of the route
- end_zone Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- source_files Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- ullet is_bidirectional 1 if the route has trips in both directions, otherwise 0
- is_loop Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- line_type Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- line_type_desc Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- max_headway The maximal duration (in minutes) between trip starts on the route between headway_start_time and headway_end_time
- mean_headway The mean duration (in minutes) between trip starts on the route between headway_start_time and headway_end_time
- mean_trip_distance The full travel distance of each trip on the route in meters, which is the maximal *shape_dist_traveled*, as specified in *stop_times.txt* file (calculated as *service_distance/num_trips*)
- mean_trip_duration Duration of each trip on the route in hours (calculated as service duration/num trips)
- min_headway The minimal duration (in minutes) between trip starts on the route between headway_start_time and headway_end_time
- num_stops Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- num_trip_ends Number of trips on the route in the subset with non-null end times before 23:59:59
- num_trip_starts Number of trips on the route in the subset with non-null start times
- num_trips Number of trips on the route in the subset
- num_zones Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- num_zones_missing Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- peak_end_time End time of first longest period during which the peak number of trips (peak_num_trips) occurs
- peak num trips Maximal number of simultaneous trips in the service (for a given direction)
- peak_start_time Start time of first longest period during which the peak number of trips (peak_num_trips) occurs
- route_alternative Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- route_direction Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- route_id Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- route_long_name Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- route_mkt Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- route_short_name Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- route_type Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()

- service_distance The full travel distance of all trips on the route in meters, which is the maximal *shape_dist_traveled*, as specified in *stop_times.txt* file.
- service_duration Total duration of all trips on the route in hours
- service_speed Average speed each trip on the route in km/h
- source_files base name of the files the data is based on (as they are saved on S3).
- start_stop_city Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- start_stop_desc Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- start_stop_id Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- start_stop_lat Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- start_stop_lon Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- start_stop_name Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()
- start_time Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats(), referring to the first trip of the route
- start_zone Same as in gtfs_utils.compute_trip_stats()

If trip_stats_subset is empty, return an empty DataFrame.

3.1.3 Configuration file

Config Example

An example for a minimal working config

```
"files": {
  "base_directory": "", # Fill with a full path to the download dir
  "child_directories": {
    "gtfs_feeds": "gtfs_feeds",
    "output": "output",
   "filtered_feeds": "filtered_feeds",
    "logs": "logs"
 },
  "output_file_name_regexp": "^(?P<date_str>[^_]+?)_(?P<type>\\w+)",
  "output_file_type": "csv.gz"
},
"s3": {
 "access_key_id": "Your Access key id", # Fill with your key parameters
 "secret_access_key": "Your secret access key", # Fill with your key parameters
 "s3_endpoint_url": "https://ams3.digitaloceanspaces.com",
  "bucket_name": "obus-do2",
},
"use_data_from_today": false,
"date_range": ["2019-03-07", "2019-03-07"],
```

Parameters description

Main configuration object parameter

The configuration for a gtfs	s_stats run			
type	object			
properties				
• files	Files object parameters			
• s3	S3 object parameters			
• date_range	1	gtfs files to be download from lay is set to false. {Format: }	•	
	type	array		
	maxLength	2		
	minLength	2		
	items	'		
	•	type	string	
		pattern	^d{4}-d{2}-d{2}\$	
	First and last date of the	gtfs files to be download from		
		lay is set to false. {Format: }		
	type	array	,	
	maxLength	2		
	minLength	2		
•		from today (overrides date, ra	ange)	
• Download only gtfs data from today (overrides date_r use_data_from_today type boolean			8-).	
use_dutu_from_todu	default		False	
•		I	in MB). If not set, the limit is	
may offe size in m	b only free disk space.	of the downloaded gus mes (in Wib). If not set, the finite is	
max_gus_size_m_m				
	type default	sys.maxsize		
		ess bar while downloading.		
dianlass download n				
display_download_p		boolean		
	default	False		
•		on the download status bar.		
display_size_on_pro		boolean		
	default False			
•		If true, delete the gtfs files after parsing them.		
delete_downloaded_		boolean		
	default	True		
write_filtered_feed	If true, writes a filtered version of the gtfs for the specific dates.			
	type	boolean		
	default	False		
console_verbosity	Lowest logging level to be printed to console.			
	type	string		
	enum	DEBUG, INFO, WARNI	NG, ERROR, CRITICAL	
	default	'ERROR'		
additionalProperties	False			
The configuration for a gtfs	s_stats run			

Continued on next page

Table 1 – continued from previous page

type	object
anyOf	
•	

Files object parameters

files info would be under th	e files tag.			
type	object			
properties				
 base_directory 	base directory for the create			
	type	string		
•	A regular expression used t	o find existing output files.		
output_file_name_r	ne_regexpe string			
output_file_type	The file type for the outputs.			
	type	string		
	enum	pkl.gz, csv.gz, csv		
 child_directories 	Names of dirs that will be u	that will be used (name is relative to base_directory		
	type	object		
	properties	The name of the directory the GTFS files would be		
	• gtfs_feeds			
		downloaded to.		
		type	string	
	 output 	The name of the directory f		
		type	string	
	• filtered_feeds	•	or the filtered feeds, if exists.	
		type	string	
	• logs	The name of the directory f		
		type	string	
	additionalProperties	False		
	Names of dirs that will be used (name is relative to base_directory			
111.1 170	type object			
additionalProperties				
files info would be under th				
type	object			

S3 object parameters

All the info about S3 connection	parameters would come here	(under s3 tag).		
type	object	object		
properties				
access_key_id	Authorization access key id for S3.			
	type	string		
• secret_access_key	Authorization secret access key for \$3.			
	type	string		
 s3_endpoint_url 	Connection endpoint url for S3.			
	type	string		
bucket_name	Bucket name for S3.			
	type	string		
upload_results	If true, upload the anal	yzed results back to S3.		
	type	boolean		
results_path_prefix Prefix path on S3 for the uploader		e uploaded results.		
	type	string		
additionalProperties	False			
All the info about S3 connection	parameters would come here	(under s3 tag).		
type	object			

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С

```
\begin{array}{ccc} compute\_route\_stats() & (in & module \\ & gtfs\_utils.core\_computations), \ 10 \\ compute\_trip\_stats() & (in & module \\ & gtfs\_utils.core\_computations), \ 7 \end{array}
```